PRSP Update: Building Grid Operator Monitoring and Control Assistant based on Synchrophasor Data

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Project Team

- Grid Operator Monitoring and Control Assistant GOMCA
 - V&R's Workstream under Peak Reliability Synchrophasor Program (PRSP)
- Project Participants BPA, CAISO, IPC, Peak, SCE, SDGE
- Real-time monitoring and control based on the Region Of Stability Existence (ROSE) platform:
 - ROSE defines the range of phasor measurements or other system parameters for which the system may securely operate in terms of the accepted N-k security criteria

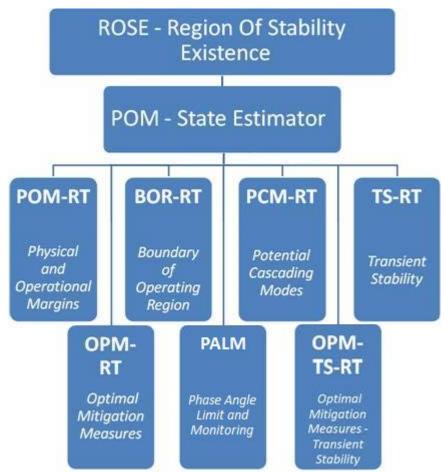


ROSE Software

- Model-based, measurement-based & hybrid State Estimator
 - Can use V&R's SE or export from any EMS vendor
- Model-based and measurementbased analysis
- Integrated voltage and transient stability analyses
- Real-Time Phase Angle Limit computation and monitoring
- Boundary-based solution
- Automatic analysis of cascading outages
- Automatic remedial actions







Peak-ROSE Application Architecture SE Case EMS VSA (SE & POM RAS Arming SCADA) ROSE **Points** ΡΙ **Historian Filelink Apps** Client **Output Data**

in .csv Files



Archive

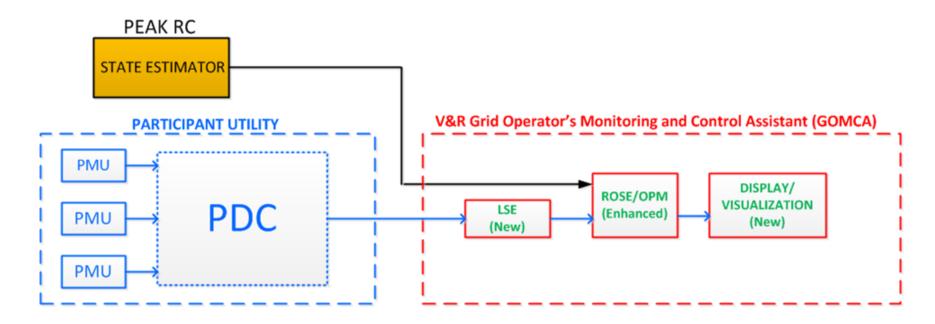
GOMCA Project Objectives

- Demonstration of V&R Energy's Liner State Estimator (LSE) on realistic WECC network, including:
 - Observability analysis;
 - Bad synchrophasor data detection and conditioning;
 - Validation of cases created by LSE and their applicability to voltage stability analysis;
 - Based on the methods and algorithms that V&R demonstrated during NASPI Voltage Stability Workshop.
- Measurement-based analysis:
 - Measurement-based voltage stability analysis;
 - Automatic determination of corrective remedial actions;
 - Situational awareness wall to visualize in an easy effective way synchrophasor data, and results of voltage stability analysis;
- ROSE integration with EMS/PDC systems of the project participants;
- ROSE Enhancements
- Technology transfer to project participants, training workshop.





High Level Architecture PRSP – GOMCA



Source: SCE





LSE – Related Tasks

- LSE at Idaho Power:
 - Prototype LSE study includes:
 - Observability study;
 - Methodology for identifying additional PMU locations;
 - Bad data analysis and detection using LSE;
 - LSE cases for IPC
- LSE at CAISO
- LSE at SDGE
- LSE at SCE
- LSE at Peak
- Measurement-based voltage stability analysis
- Measurement-based corrective actions
- Building situational awareness wall





Peak-ROSE – Related Tasks

- Peak-ROSE VSA software integration at IPC
- Peak-ROSE VSA software integration at SDGE
- Peak-ROSE VSA software integration at SCE
- All project participants will use the same WSM model provided by Peak:
 - Cases are provided via an automated process
 - Available every 5 minutes
- Peak-ROSE ("hybrid" ROSE) enhancements
- Technology transfer





Linear State Estimator

- Working with each participant:
 - To perform observability study
 - MODEL WILL BE NEEDED
 - Involves use of the SE data
 - Validation of the results of LSE for participant's network/PMU installation;





Linear State Estimator (cont.)

- Incorporating algorithms for bad data detection and conditioning into LSE;
- Test the quality of the algorithms/data;
- Analyze the applicability of the cases created by LSE for voltage stability analysis;
- Do changes to LSE process, if needed, to create cases suitable for voltage stability analysis.





Peak-ROSE Enhancements

- Peak prepared a list of enhancements
- Coordinated with V&R
- Peak/V&R work closely with WECC entities to incorporate current modeling practices into WSM file and Peak-ROSE VSA analysis





Peak-ROSE Integration

- The same computational functionalities as in Peak-ROSE
- Installed at project participants' sites
- Modeling of additional scenarios for voltage stability assessment with each participant





Measurement-Based Analysis and Visualization

- Uses model created as a result of Linear State Estimation
- Voltage stability analysis
- Automated corrective actions:
 - Automatically determine corrective actions
 - Work with participants:
 - To implement remedial actions for their system;
 - Validate the results of automated computations.
- Building situational awareness wall:
 - Displaying the results of the analyses via easy-to-understand GUI;
 - Customization for each participant.





ROSE Implementations

Model - based ROSE:

 State Estimator data is required at the rate available at the entity using the application, usually 3 to 5 minutes.

"Hybrid"- based ROSE:

- Phasor and State Estimator data sets are required:
 - Phasor data at the rate available at the entity using the application, usually 30 samples/second.
 - State Estimator data at the rate available at the entity using the application, usually 3 to 5 minutes.
 - Implemented at Peak

Measurement - based ROSE:

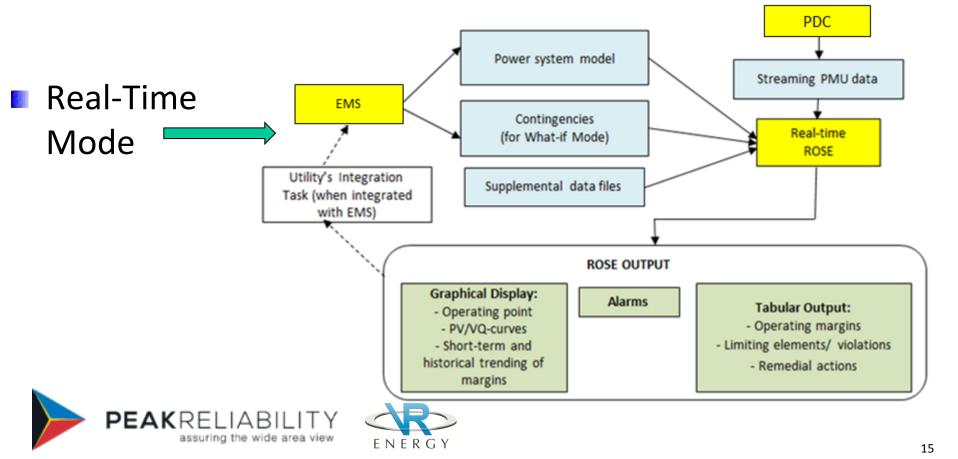
- Phasor data is required the rate available at the entity using the application, usually 30 samples/second.
- Will be demonstrated using the DOE project





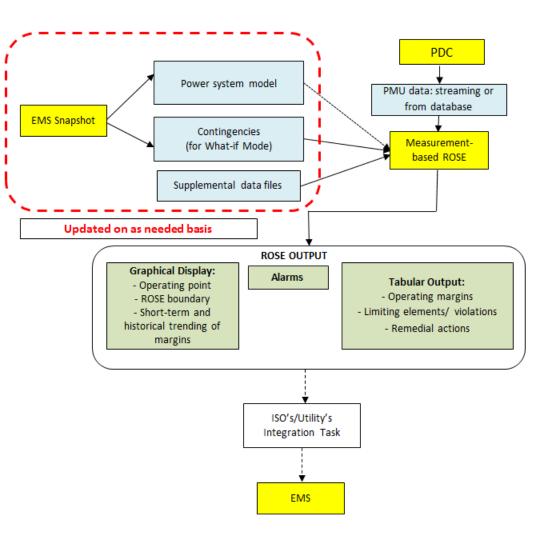
"Hybrid" - ROSE Architecture

- Two analysis modes: Real-Time and Off-Line
- Inputs are:
 - State Estimator (SE) data, synchrophasor data, and additional files to perform voltage stability analysis (VSA)



Measurement – Based ROSE Architecture

- One main input is synchrophasor data
- Additionally, we will need a power flow case to obtain model parameters, locations of PMUs, and additional files to perform voltage stability analysis (VSA)







Measurement – Based ROSE

- Based on cases created by Linear State Estimator
- Demonstrated at 2014 NASPI Voltage Stability Workshop







Conclusions

DOE Grant

- Peak is the grant recipient;
- V&R is sub recipient.
- V&R's workstream is utilizing synchrophasor data in Grid Operator Monitoring and Control Assistant (GOMCA)
 - Linear State Estimation;
 - Measurement-based voltage stability analysis;
 - Measurement-based corrective actions;
 - Visualization;
 - Integration of Peak-ROSE with project participants.

