

# *Success Story: Advanced Grid Monitoring Analytics at ISO-NE using PhasorPoint*



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*NASPI Working Group Meeting*

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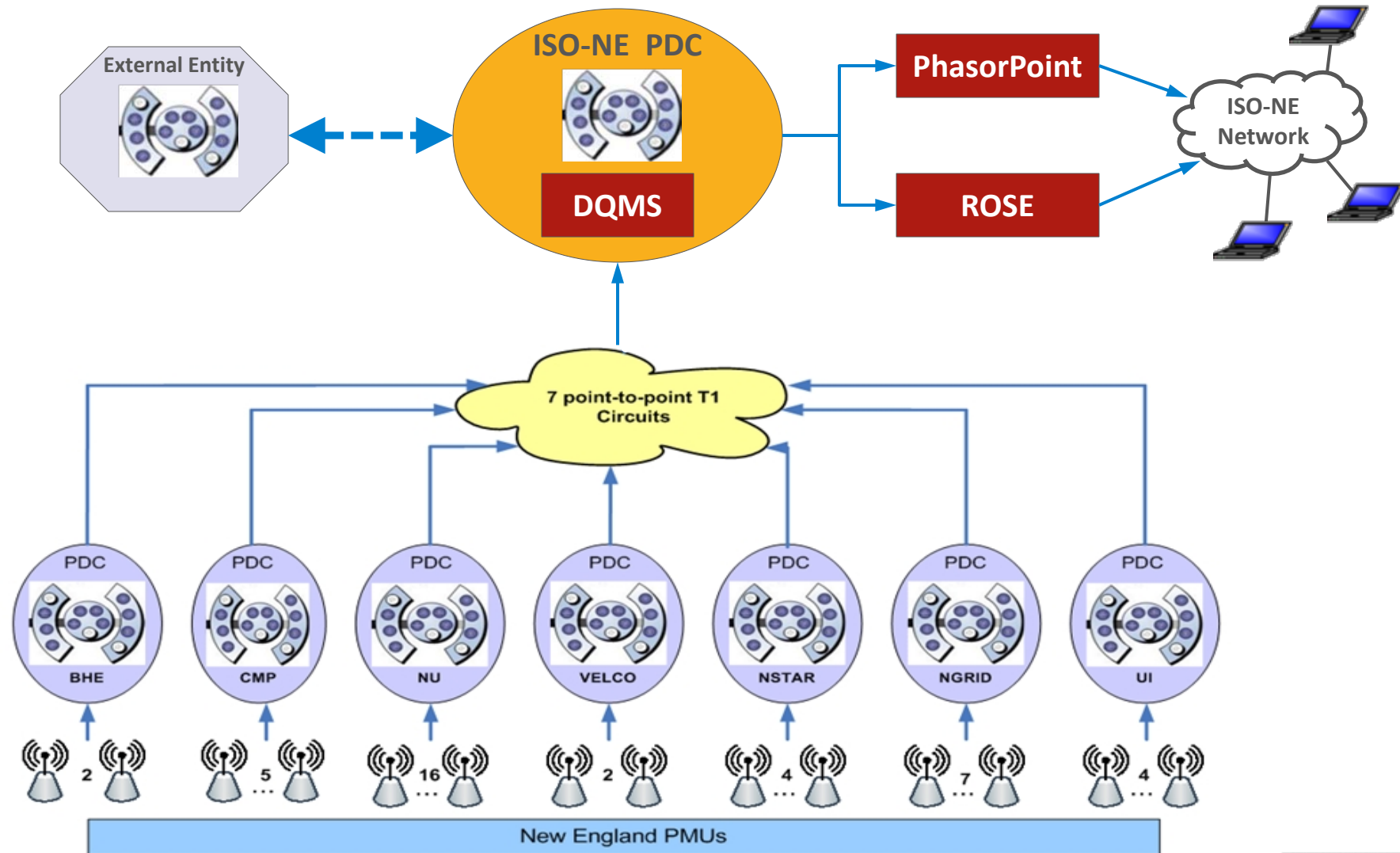


# Outline

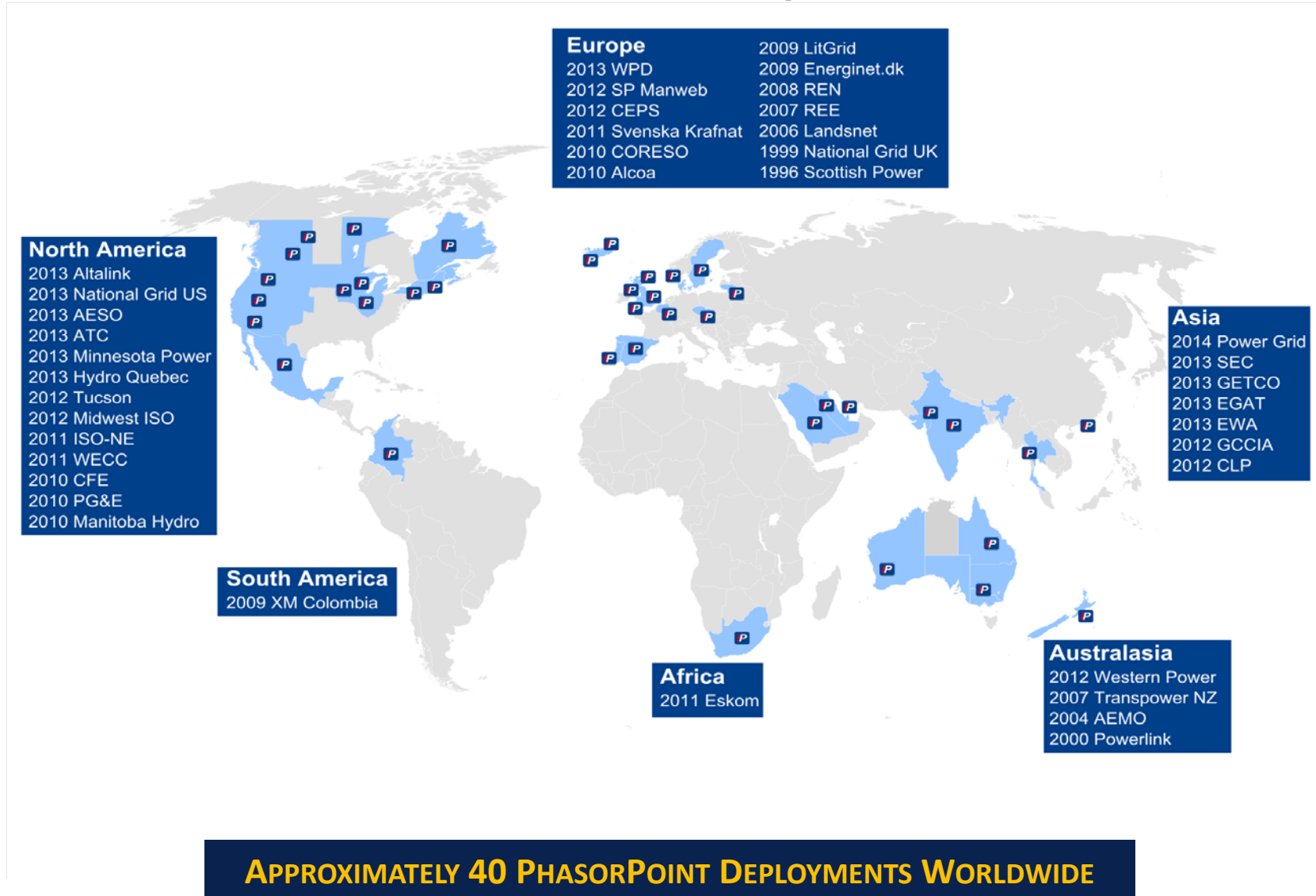
- ISO-NE's Synchrophasor Infrastructure and Data Utilization (SIDU) Project
- Introduction of PhasorPoint application
- Engineering process to set parameters in PhasorPoint
- Success stories in grid monitoring using PhasorPoint
- Conclusions and future plans



# ISO-NE's Synchrophasor Infrastructure and Data Utilization (SIDU)



# PhasorPoint Solution Maturity

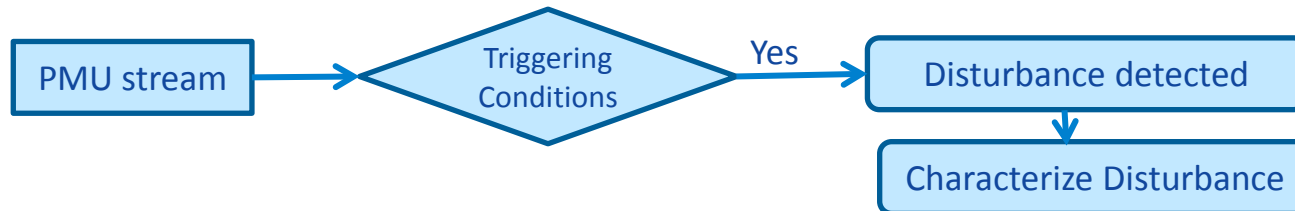


# PhasorPoint Application



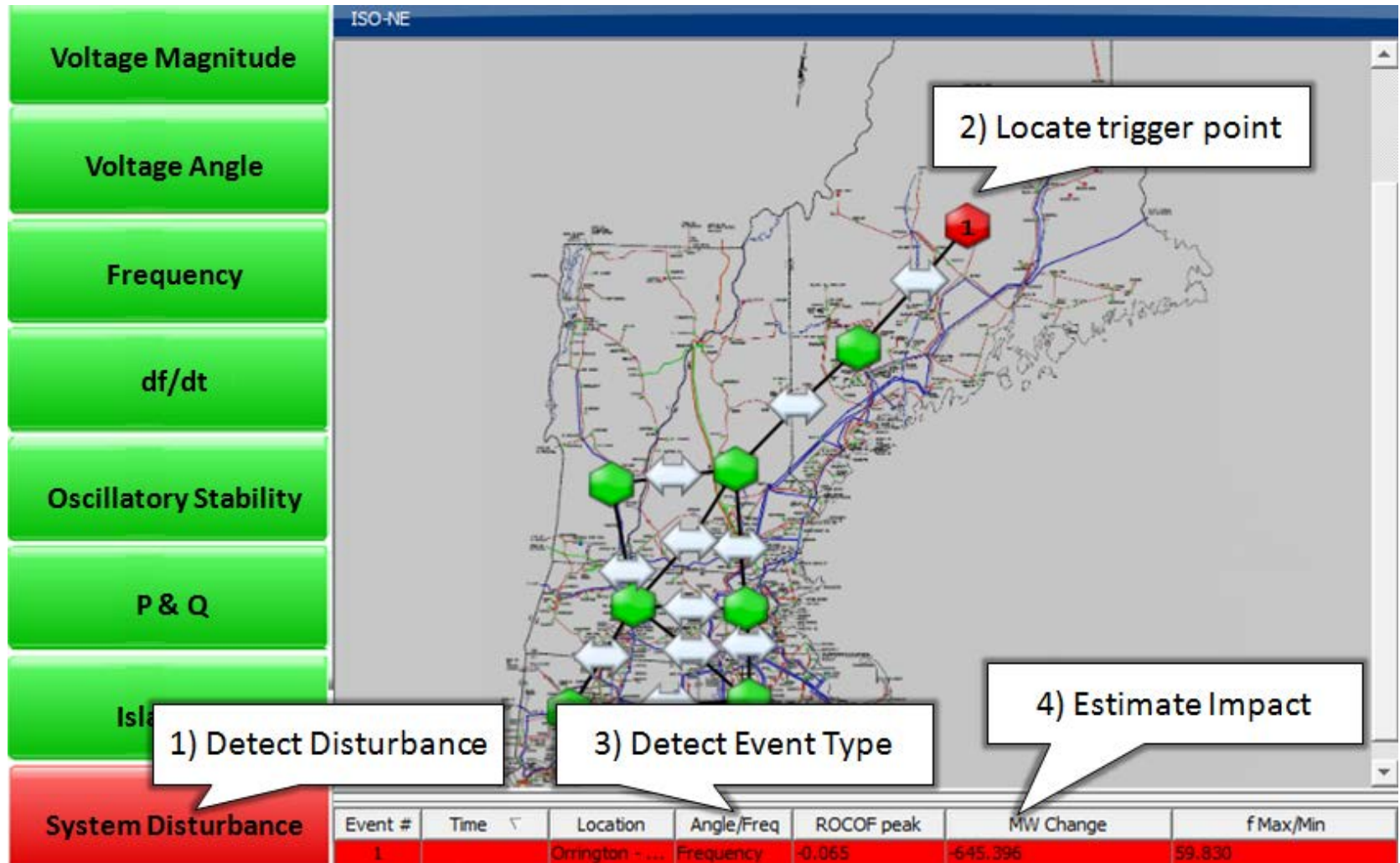
# System Disturbance Monitoring (SDM)

- Identifies, locates and characterizes a disturbance



- Highly configurable triggering attributes
  - Rate-of-change of voltage angle
  - Rate-of-change of frequency
- Efficient and accurate disturbance monitoring depends on settings of triggering attributes
- Trade-off between sensitivity to detect significant disturbance and too many alarms for insignificant disturbances

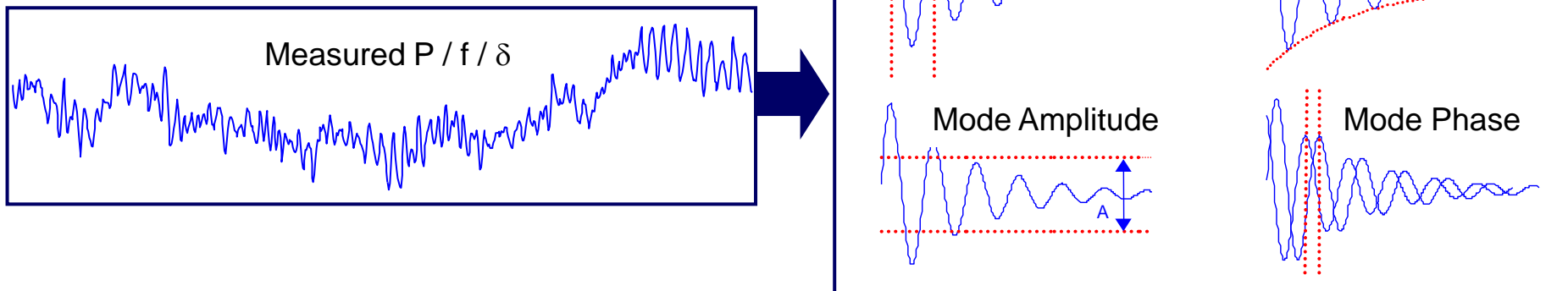
# System Disturbance Monitoring, cont.





# Oscillation Stability Monitoring (OSM)

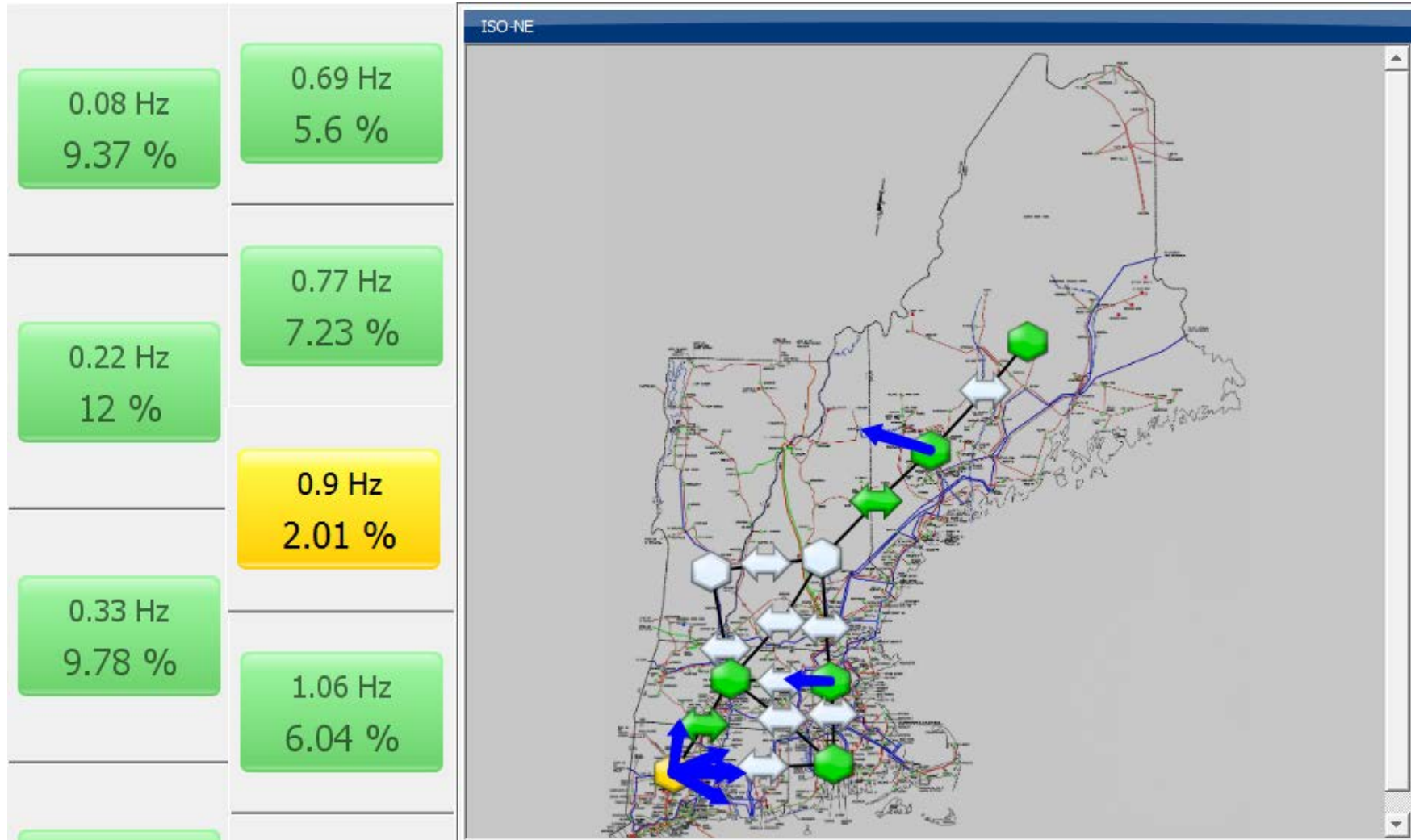
- Extracts frequency, damping, amplitude and phase of the main electromechanical oscillations in the band 0.04 – 4.0 Hz
- Configurable triggering attributes
  - Mode frequency sub-band
  - Mode damping ratio or decaying time
  - Mode amplitude
  - Hysteresis



- Efficiency of OSM depends on settings of triggering attributes



# Oscillation Stability Monitoring, cont.

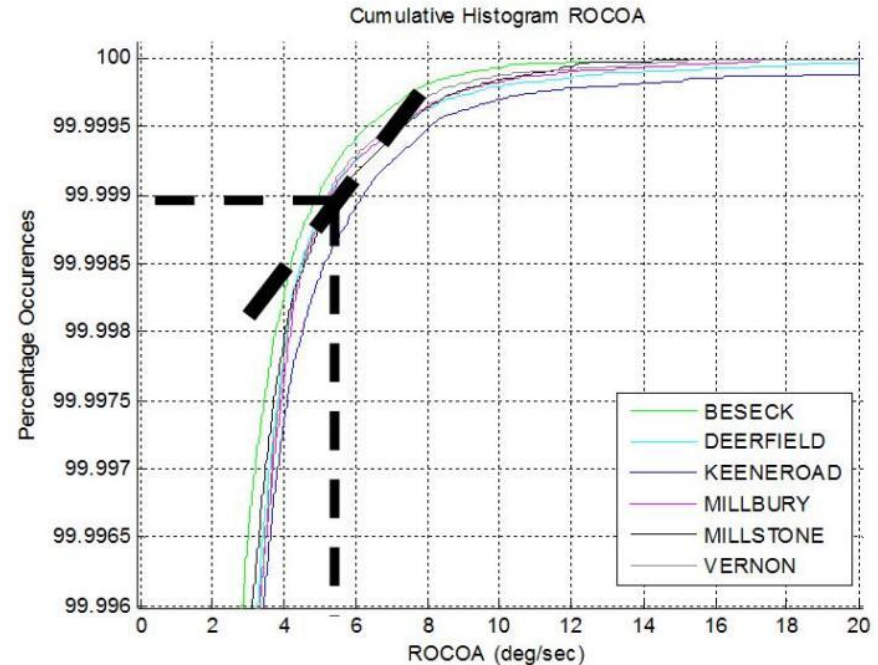
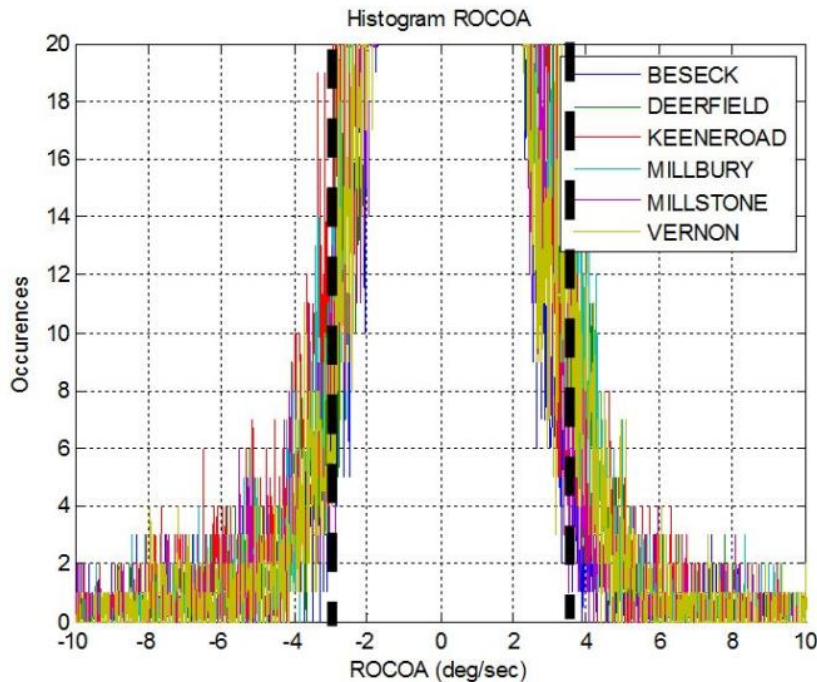


# Engineering Process to configure SDM and OSM Attributes

- A representative period of ISO-NE's PMU data was used to setup SDM and OSM attributes
- Principles
  - ✓ Normal parameters variations do not trigger an alarm
  - ✓ Significant disturbances (generation trips and line trips) are detected
  - ✓ The generation/load loss estimates are broadly correct
- Histograms and cumulative histograms of ROCOA and ROCOF were extracted from PMU measurements
- An estimate of system inertia is used to quantify MW load/generation loss

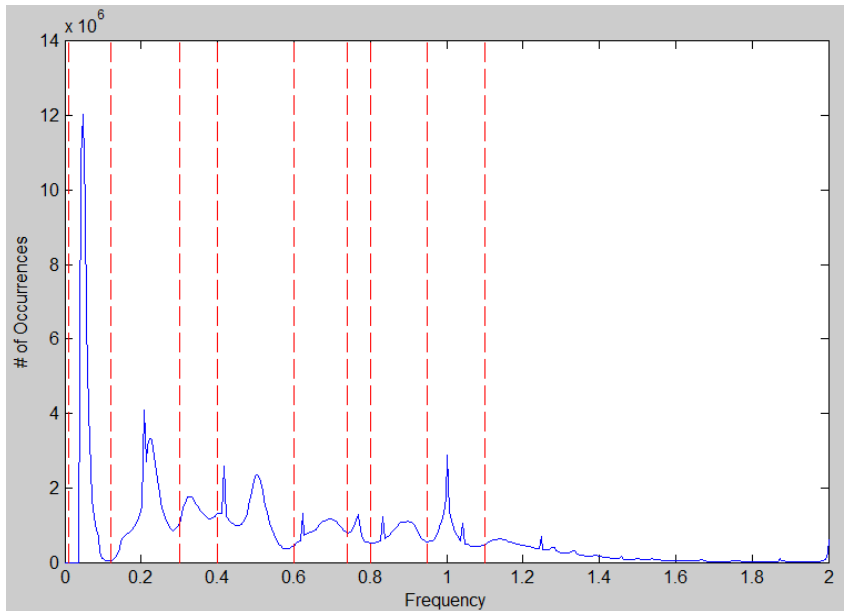


# Engineering Process to configure SDM Attributes, cont.

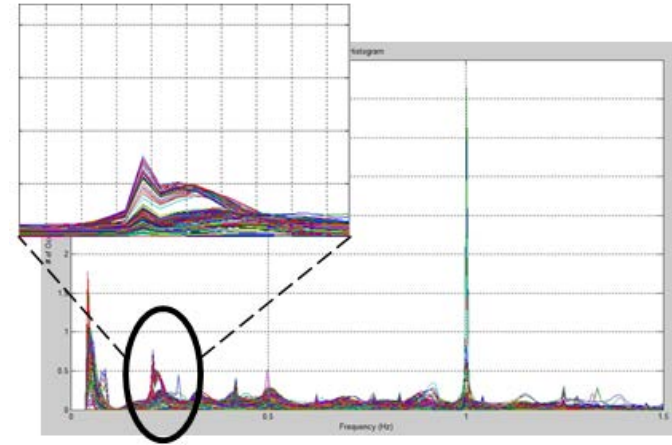


- Most of the ROCOA was contained within  $-3$  to  $+3$  °/sec
- Inflection point is selected around the 99.999% of occurrence approximately corresponding to a  $5^\circ/\text{sec}$  ROCOA
- Trade-off between sensitivity and too many alarms for insignificant events

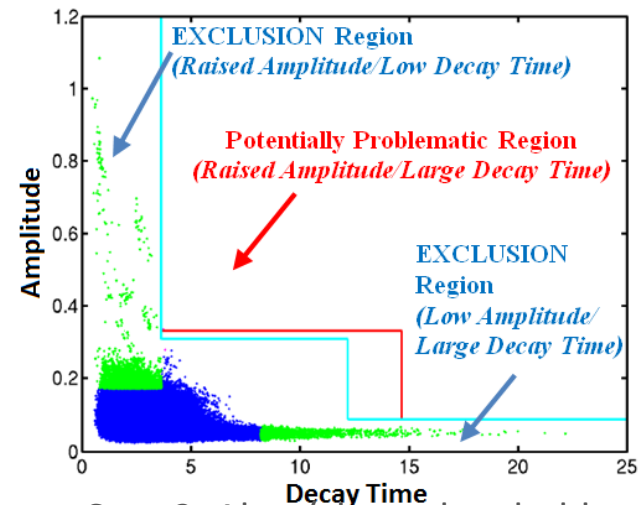
# Engineering Process to configure OSM Attributes



Step 1: OSM frequency band setting  
*Goal: capture all dominant modes*

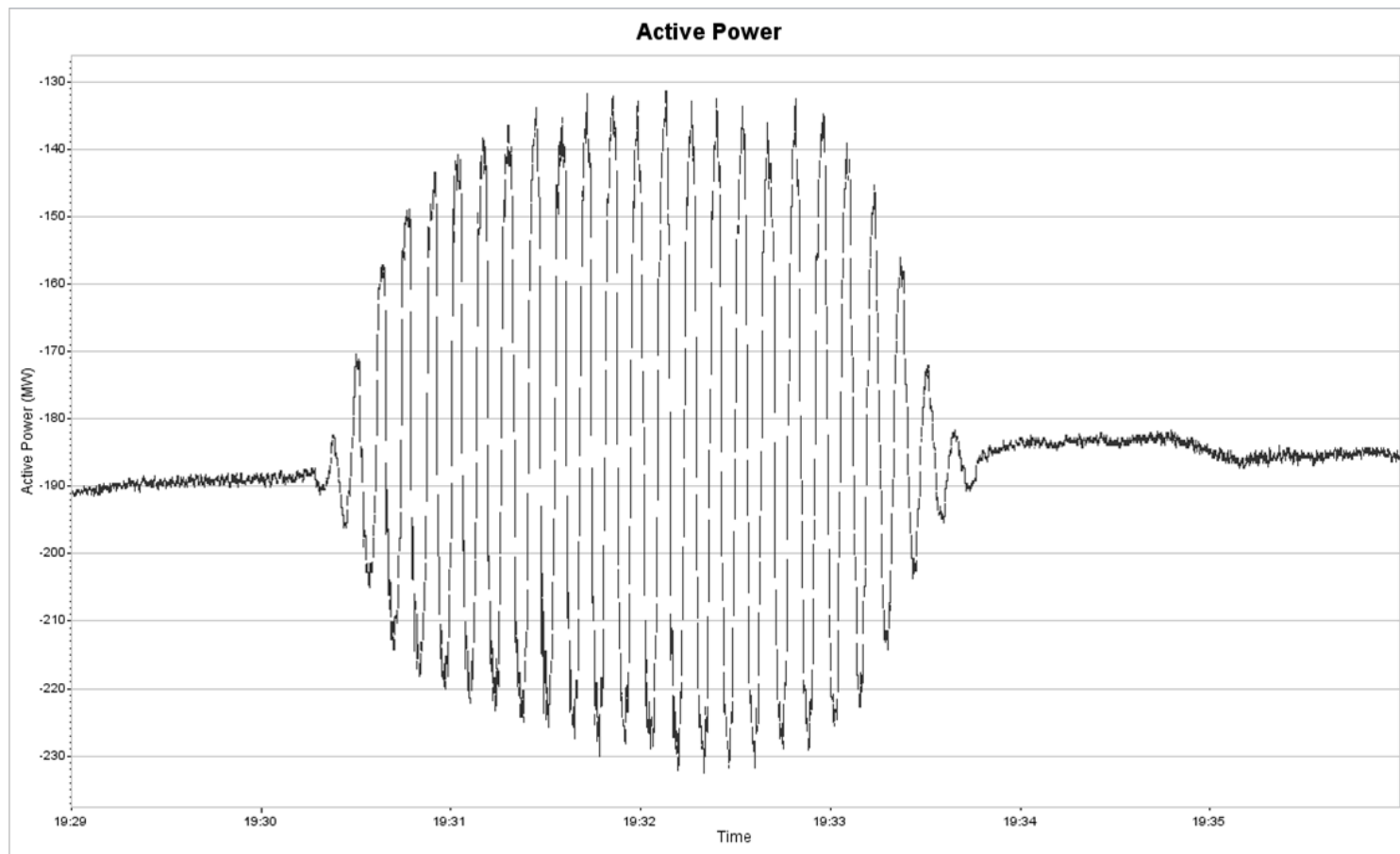


Step 2: measurement selections  
*Goal: observability for all dominant modes*



Step 3: Alert/alarm threshold settings  
*Goal: alarm for important events only*

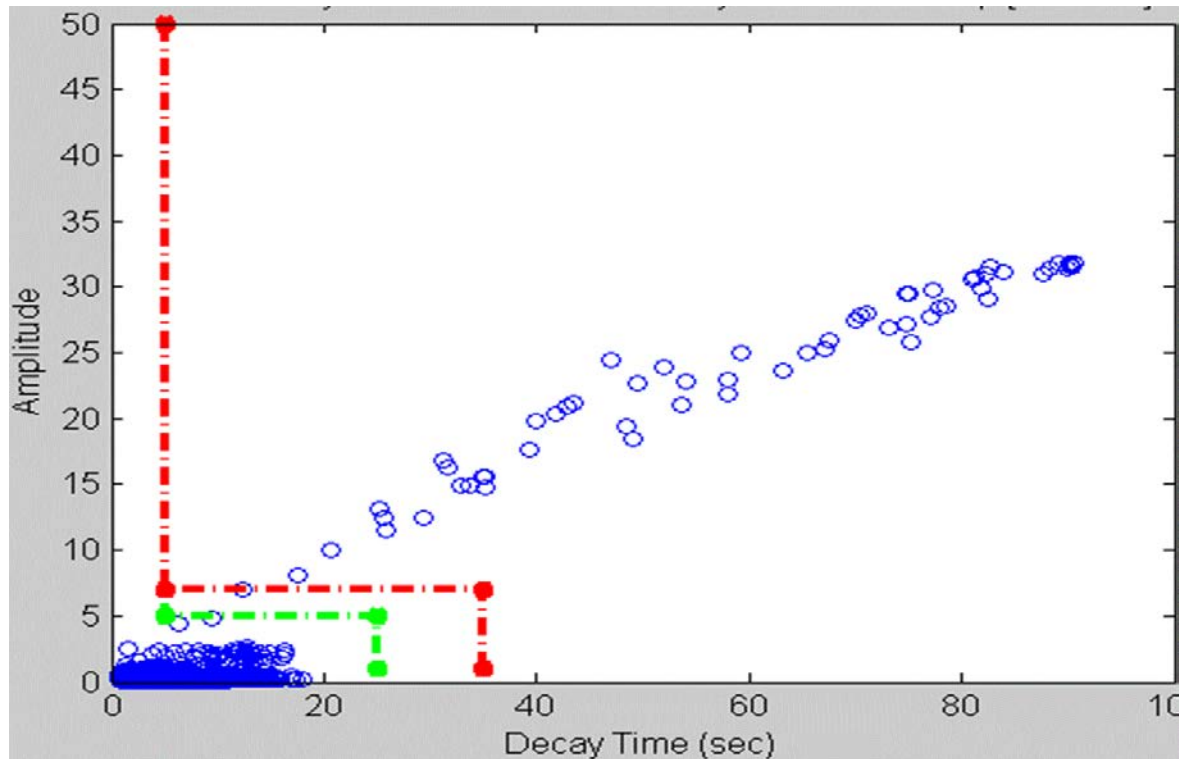
# Grid Monitoring using PhasorPoint - OSM



- “Forced oscillation” 0.12 Hz with almost 100 MW peak-to-peak amplitude
- Never observed before from simulations or measurements

# Grid Monitoring using PhasorPoint – OSM, cont.

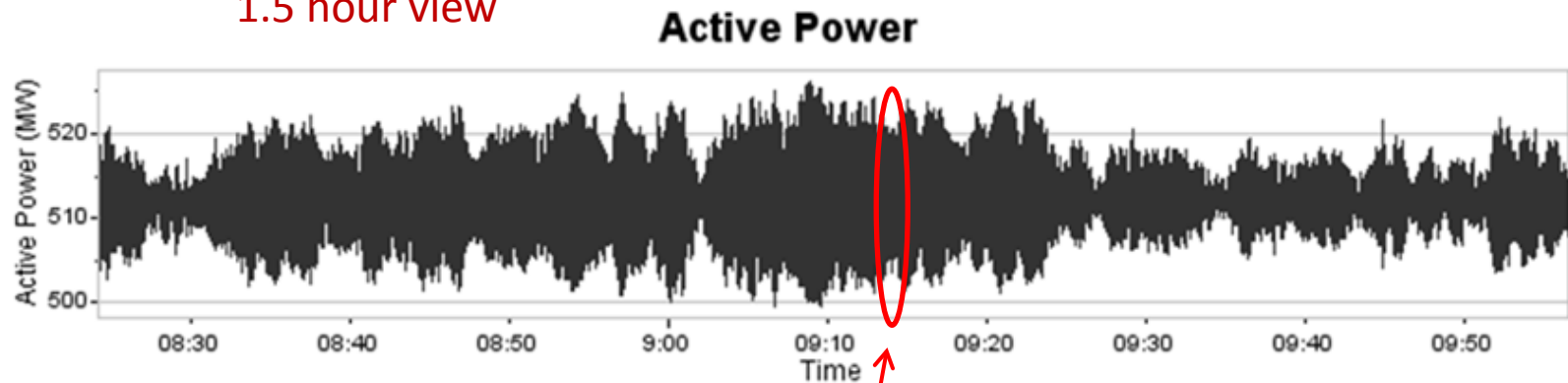
Locus plot of the 0.12 Hz “forced oscillation”



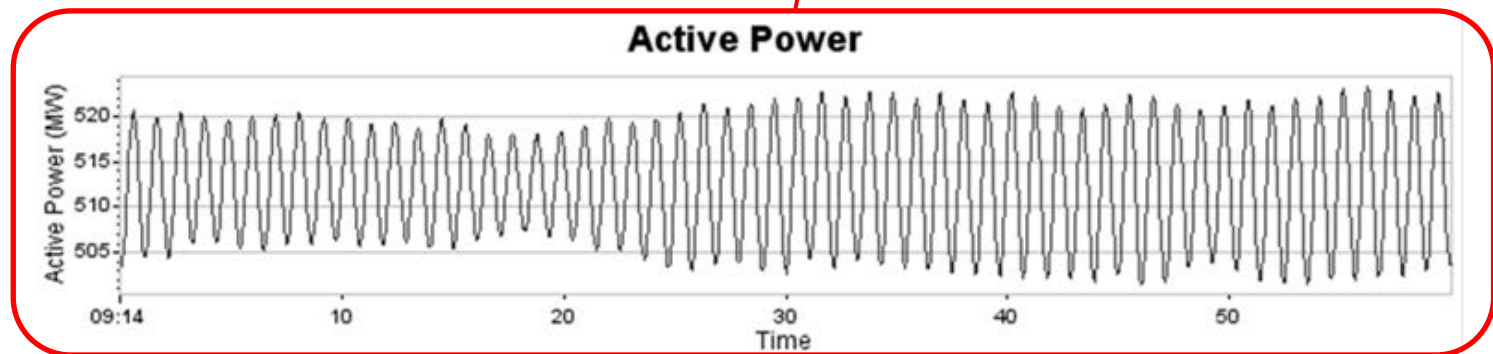
- Results satisfying trigger threshold generated an OSM alarm event

# OSM event – sustained 1.0 Hz oscillations with significant amplitude

1.5 hour view



1 minute view

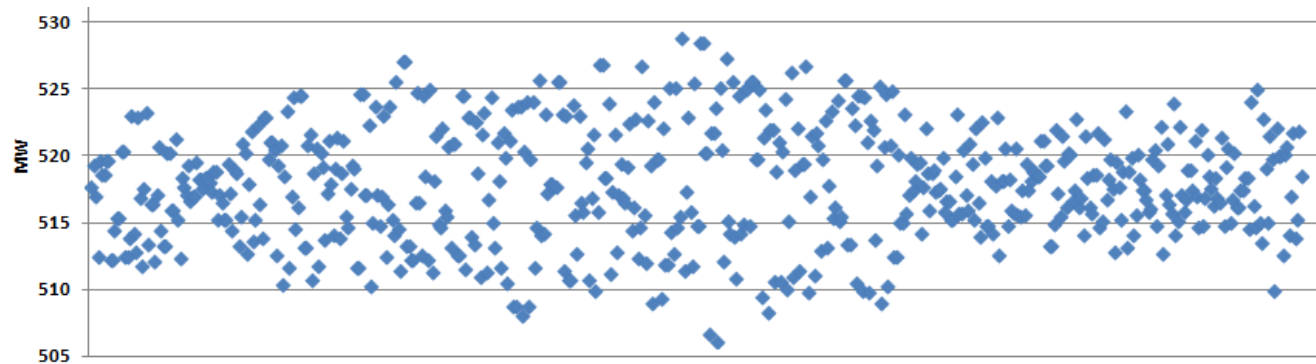


- New capability: detection and detail characterization of oscillations

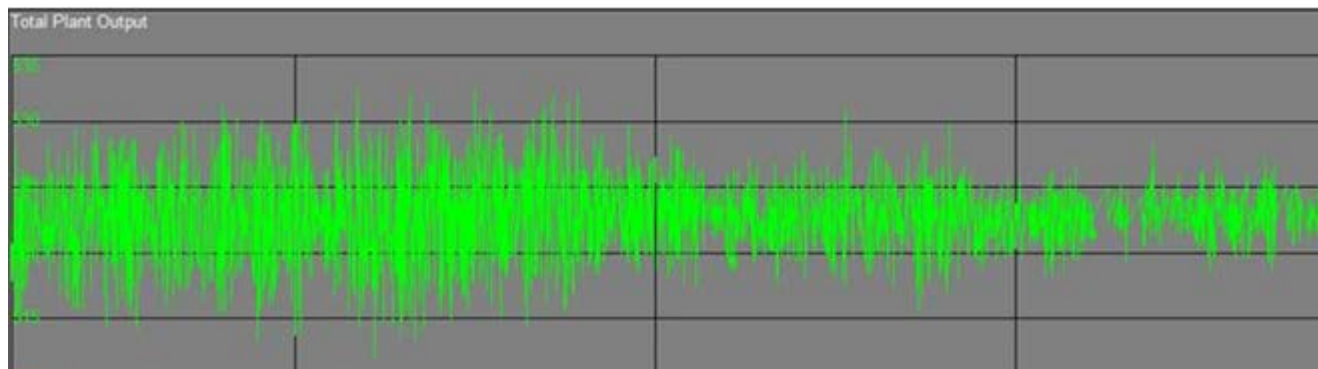


# OSM event – sustained 1.0 Hz oscillations with significant amplitude, cont.

- SCADA view

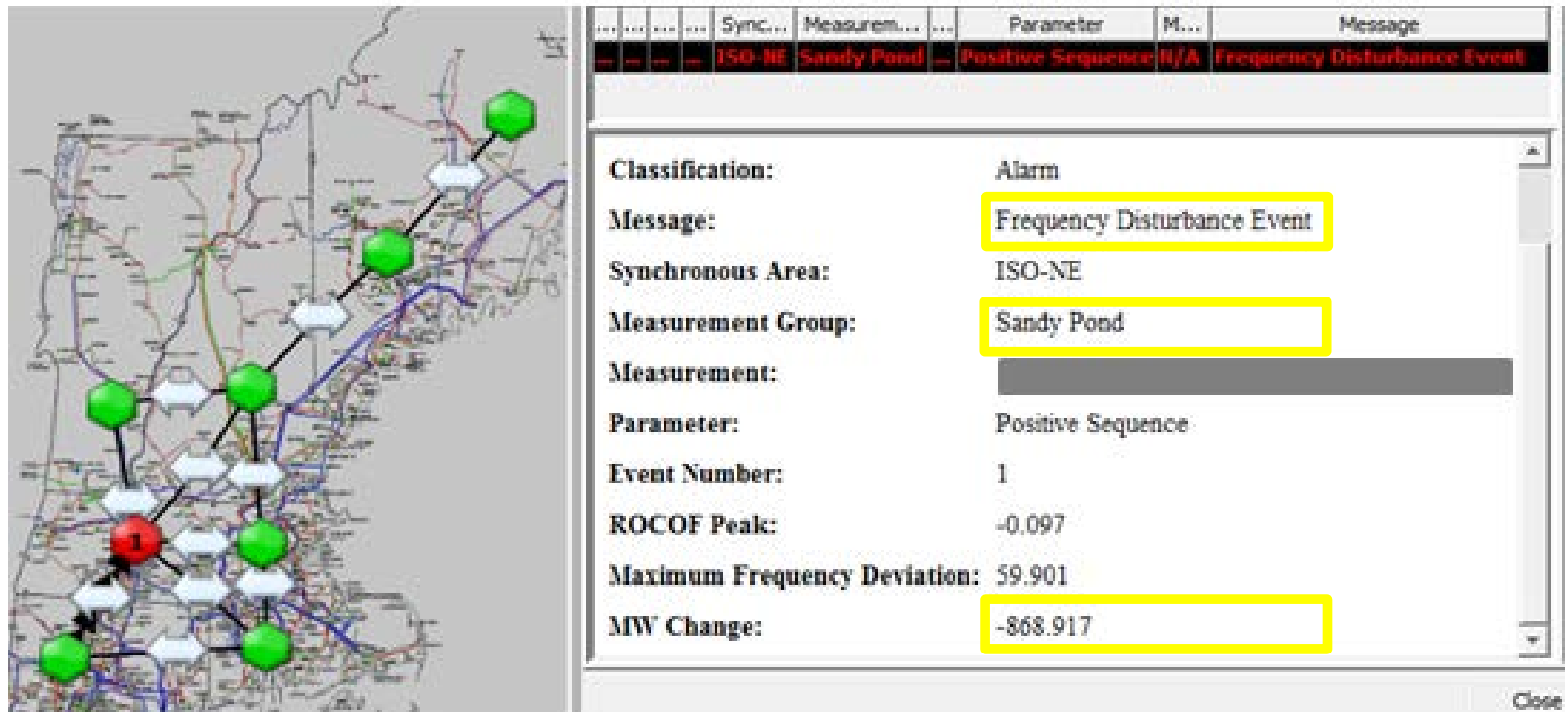


- Power Plant view



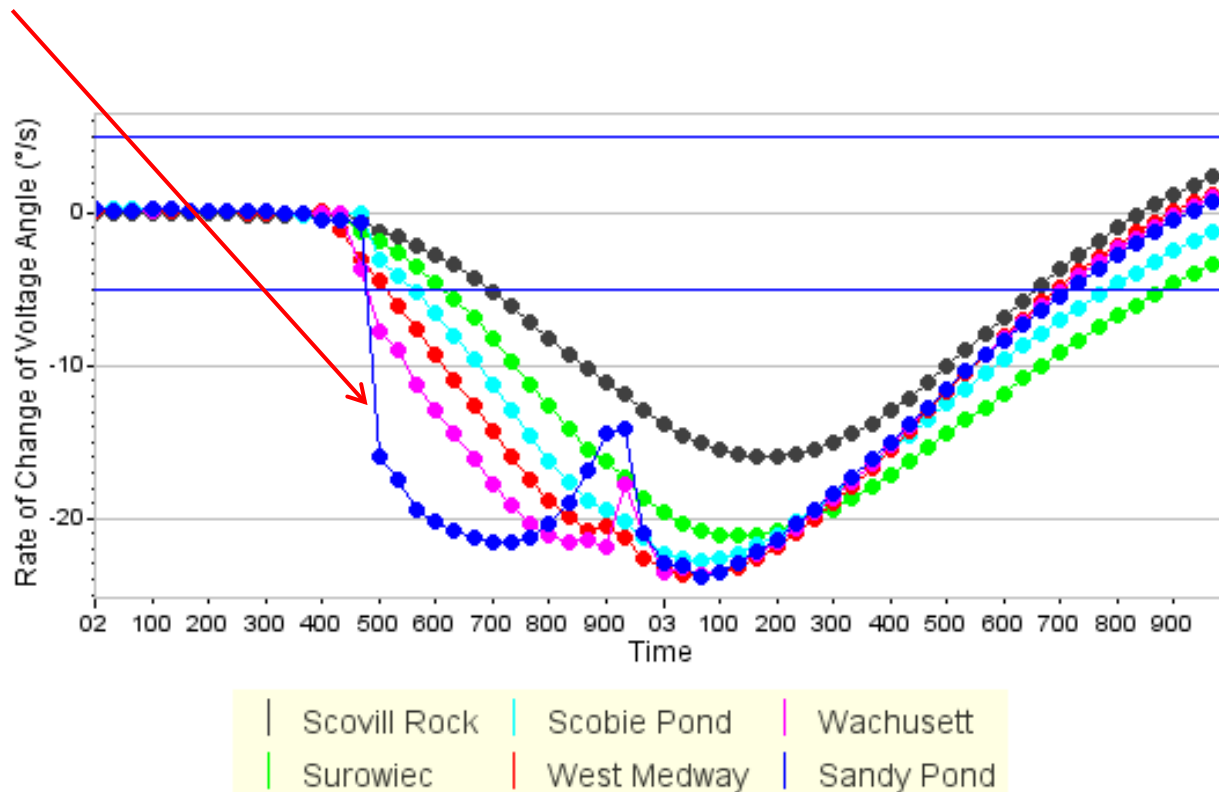
# Grid Monitoring using PhasorPoint – SDM

- Sandy Pond HVDC single pole tripped, lost about 800 MW



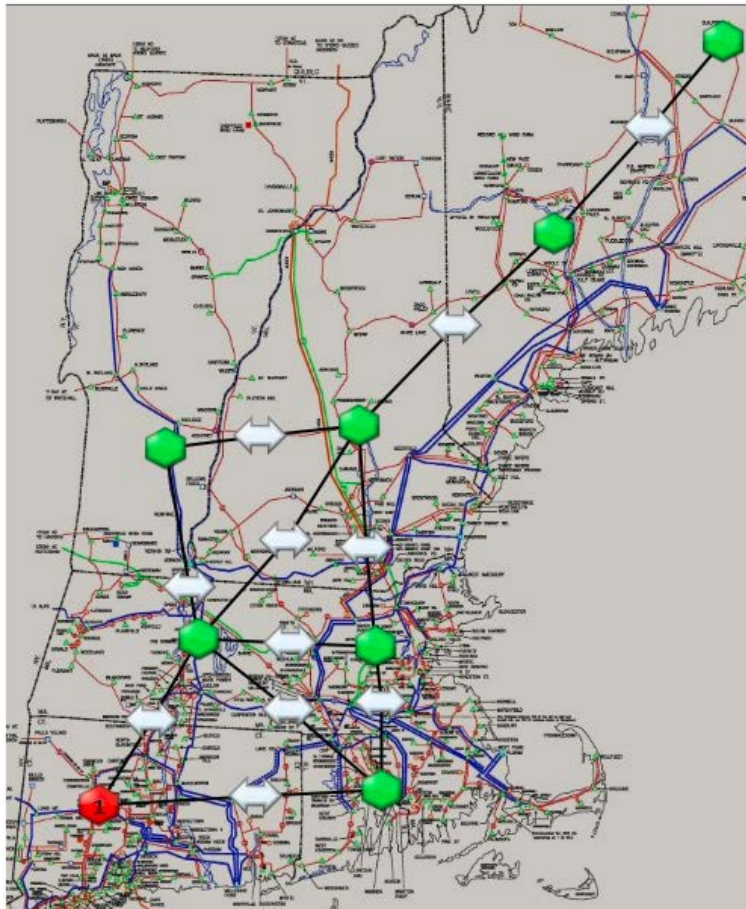
# Grid Monitoring using PhasorPoint – SDM, cont.

- Location: Sandy Pond ROCOA reached triggering conditions first



# Grid Monitoring using PhasorPoint – SDM, cont.

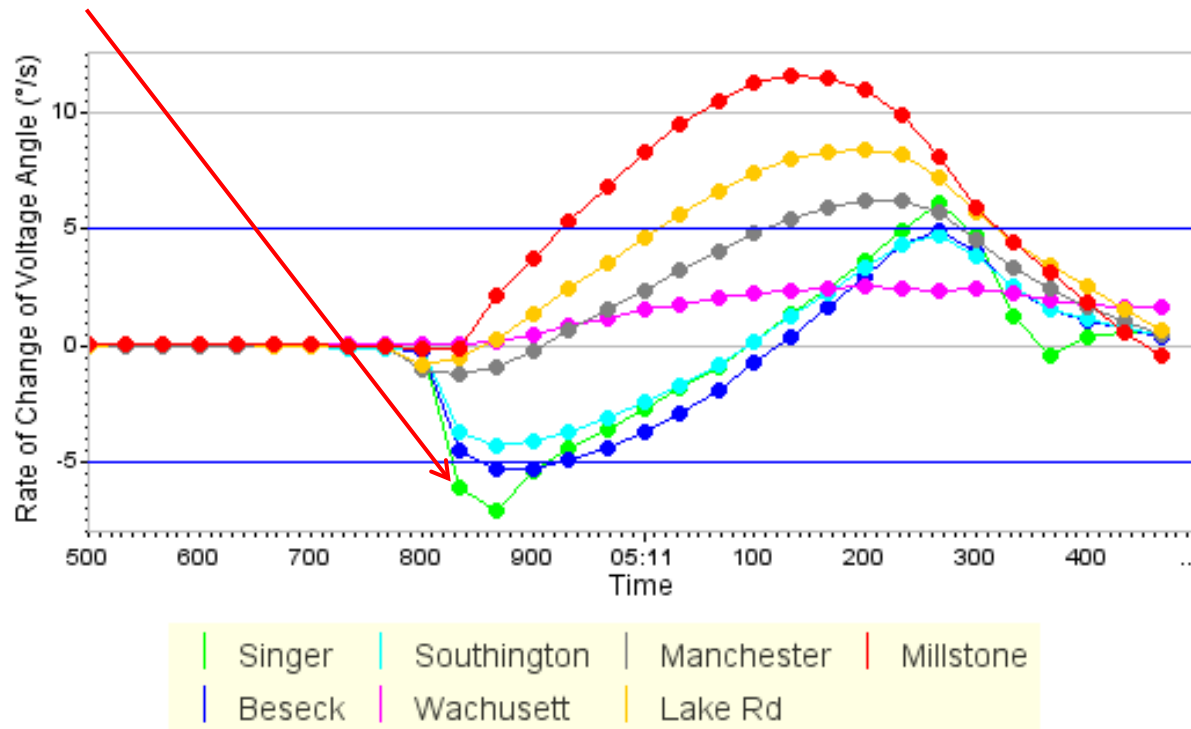
- Line trip event (Beseck – Millstone)



...	...	...	Sync...	Meas...	...	Parameter	...	Message
...	...	...	ISO-NE	Singe...	...	Positive Sequen...	...	Angle Disturbance Ev...
Source Time:								
Server Time:								
Classification:		Alarm						
Message:		Angle Disturbance Event						
Synchronous Area:		ISO-NE						
Measurement Group:		Singer						
Measurement:								
Parameter:		Positive Sequence						
Event Number:		1						

# Grid Monitoring using PhasorPoint – SDM, cont.

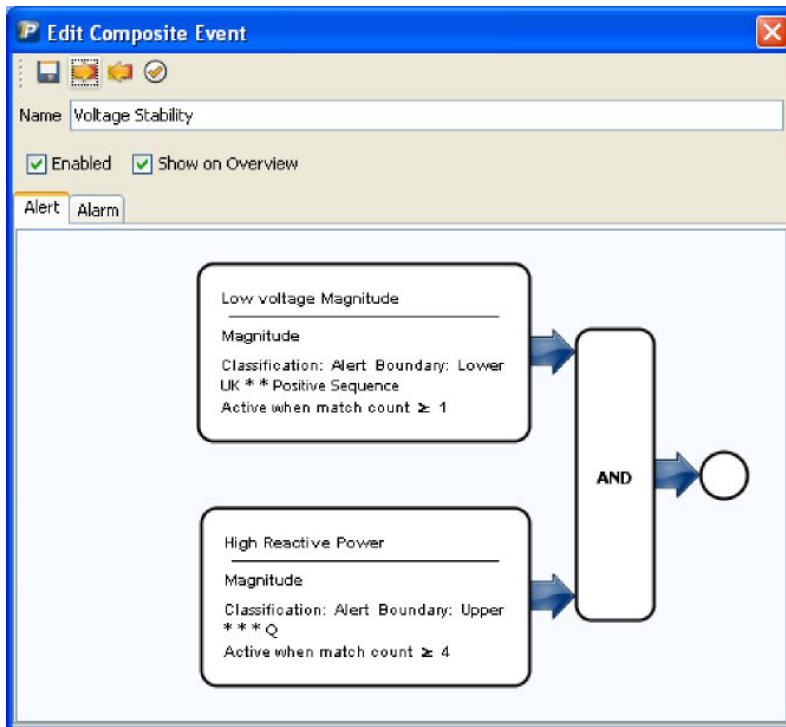
- Selection of Singer as location is based on triggering conditions



- Correct location is Beseck or Milstone
- Potential area of improvement

# Composite Events

- Powerful tool to build complex triggering conditions
- Goal: provide single alarm per system event



- Toolbar
- Composite Event Name
- Enable and Display Options
- Alert/Alarm Configuration Tabs
- Composite Event Editor

AND	Logical AND operator
OR	Logical OR operator
Magnitude	Magnitude event primitive
PDX1-3	PDX1-3 domain event primitive (if available)
PDX1-3 Validity	PDX1-3 validity status primitive (if available)
Islanding	Islanding event primitive (if available)
Connection State	PMU connection state primitive
PMU Validity	PMU data validity status primitive
Time Quality	PPMU time quality status primitive
Composite Event	Another Composite Event as a primitive
Digital State	A C37.118 digital signal.

# Conclusions and Future Plans

- The PhasorPoint application has been successfully deployed at ISO-NE and demonstrated high efficiency for wide area monitoring and situational awareness
- PhasorPoint has detected system dynamic behaviors which were not observed before from simulations or measurements; ISO-NE has contacted plant owners to investigate the root causes
- Engineering process to set SDM and OSM attributes has been established. The process will be repeated periodically in the future
- WAMS applications such as SDM and OSM will greatly benefit from interconnection-wide PMU data exchange
- PhasorPoint is mainly used by operation engineers today. ISO-NE has developed synchrophasor technology roadmap to migrate the technology into control room





# Questions

